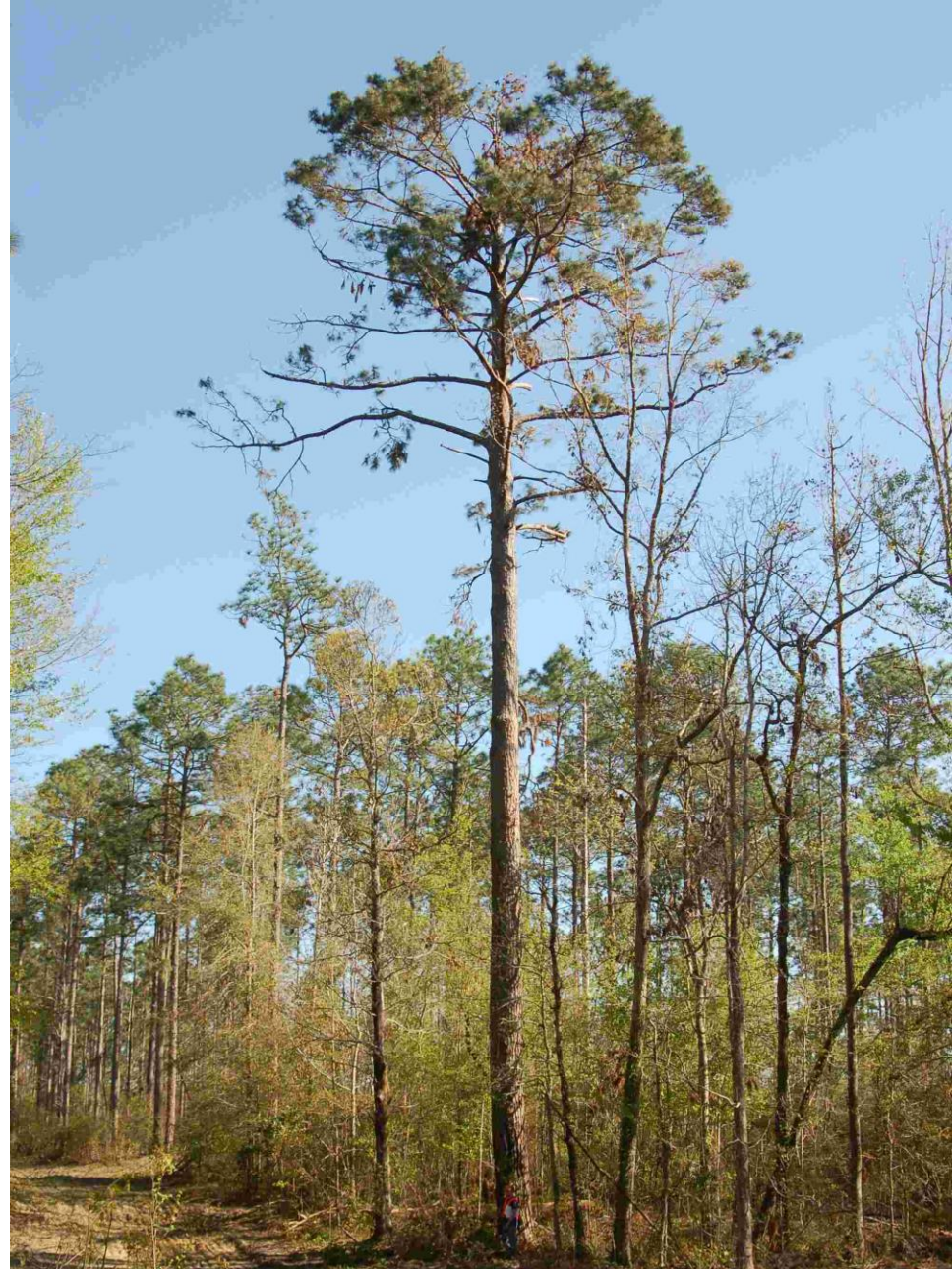


Prediction of Tree Diameter Growth

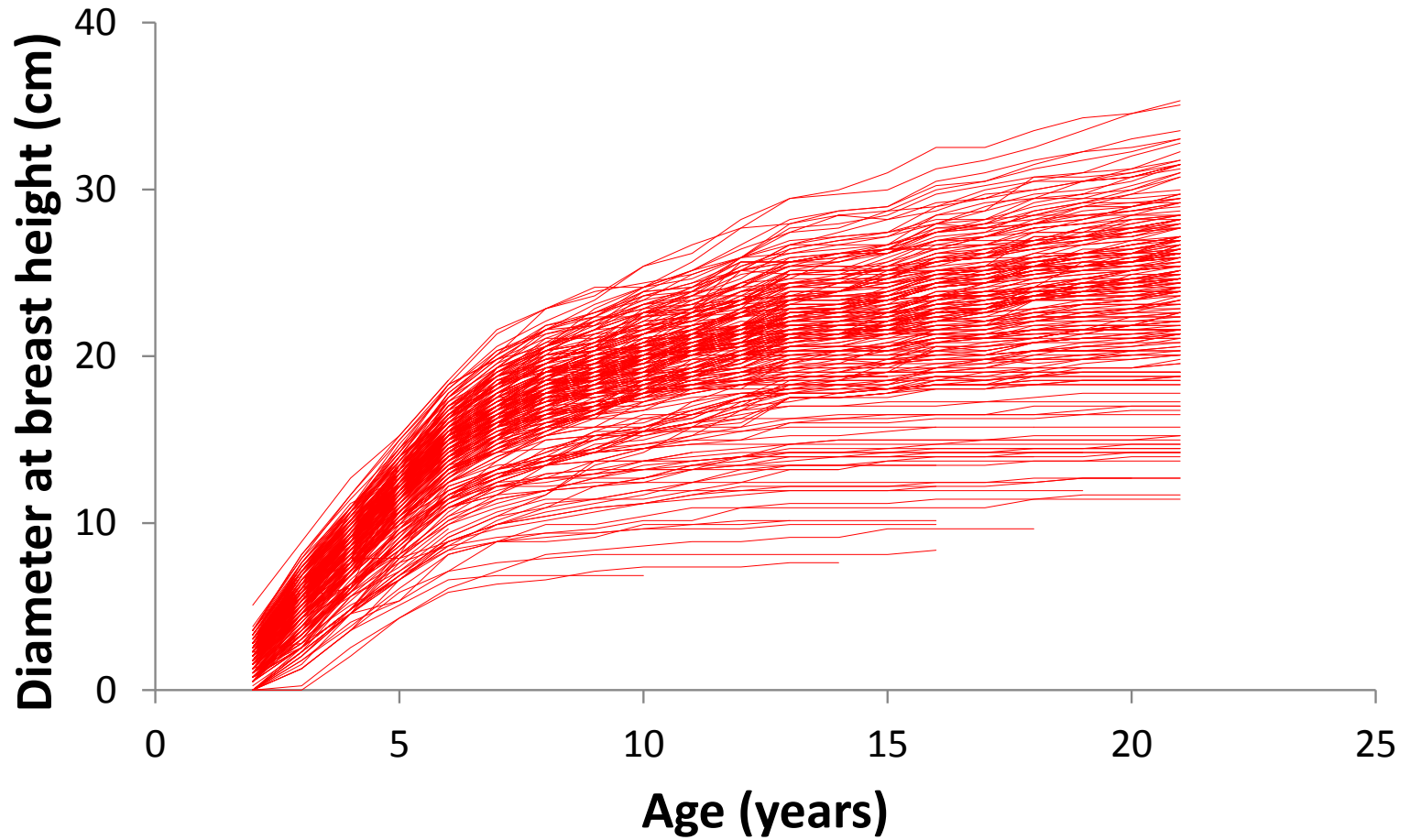
Som Bohora
Quang Cao



Data

- 340 loblolly pine trees
- 6147 observations
- Planted near Bogalusa, LA
- 9' x 12' spacing
- DBH measured annually from age 2 to age 21

Data



Model

Bailey and Clutter (1974)

$$y(t_{ij}) = \exp(b_1 + b_2 t_i^{b_3} + \epsilon_{ij})$$

Mixed-Effects Model

$$y(t_{ij}) = \exp[(b_1 + u_1)b_1 + (b_2 + u_2)t_i^{b_3}] + \epsilon_{ij}$$

Mixed-Effects Model

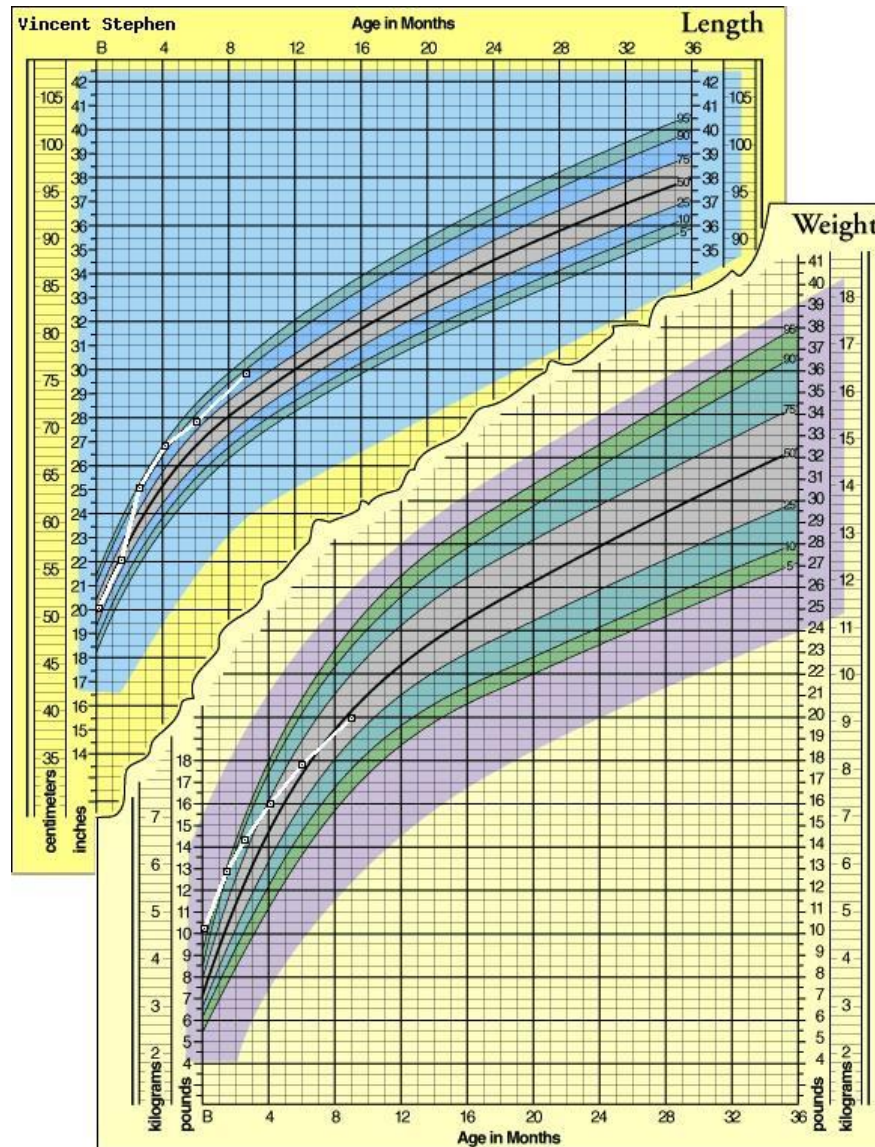
$$y(t_{ij}) = \exp[(b_1 + u_1)b_1 + (b_2 + u_2)t_i^{b_3}] + \epsilon_{ij}$$

$$\mathbf{y}_i = \mathbf{f}(\mathbf{b}, \mathbf{u}_i, \mathbf{t}_i) + \boldsymbol{\epsilon}_i$$

$$\boldsymbol{\epsilon}_i \sim N(\mathbf{0}, \mathbf{R}) \text{ and } \mathbf{u}_i \sim N(\mathbf{0}, \mathbf{D})$$

$$\hat{\mathbf{u}}_i^{k+1} = \hat{\mathbf{D}}\mathbf{Z}_i^T (\mathbf{Z}_i\hat{\mathbf{D}}\mathbf{Z}_i^T + \hat{\mathbf{R}})^{-1} [\mathbf{y}_i - \mathbf{f}(\hat{\mathbf{b}}, \hat{\mathbf{u}}_i^k, \mathbf{t}_i) + \mathbf{Z}_i\hat{\mathbf{u}}_i^k]$$

Quantile Regression



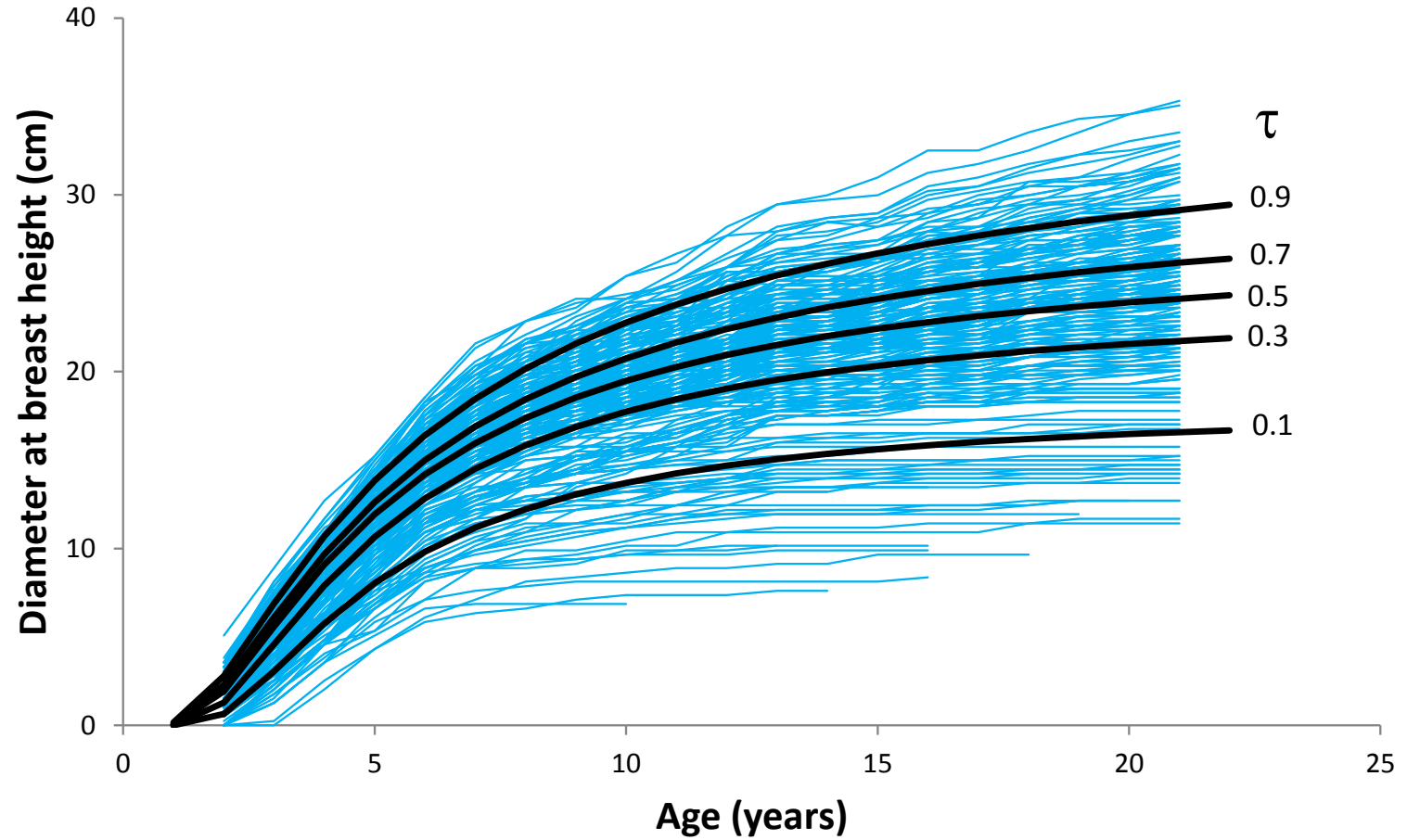
Quantile Regression

$$\hat{y}_i = f(x_i)$$

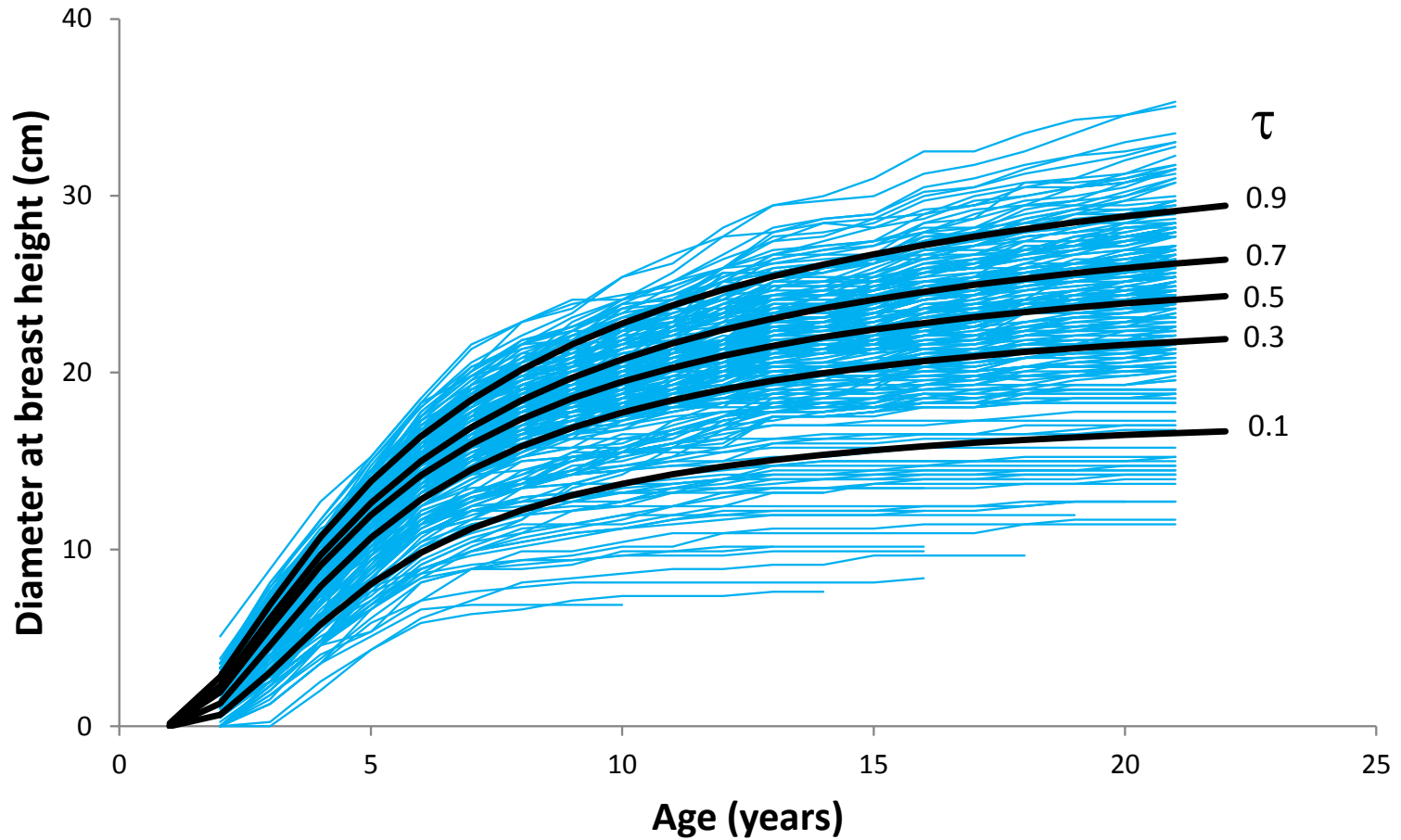
Parameters of $f(x)$ are obtained by minimizing

$$S = \sum_{y_i \geq \hat{y}_i} \tau |y_i - \hat{y}_i| + \sum_{y_i < \hat{y}_i} (1 - \tau) |y_i - \hat{y}_i|$$

Quantile Regression



Quantile Regression



$$S = \sum_{y_i \geq \hat{y}_i} \tau |y_i - \hat{y}_i| + \sum_{y_i < \hat{y}_i} (1 - \tau) |y_i - \hat{y}_i|$$

Evaluation

- Models considered
 - Mixed-effects model
 - QR9 (.1, .2, .3, .4, .5, .6, .7, .8, .9)
 - QR5 (.1, .3, .5, .7, .9)
 - QR3 (.1, .5, .9)

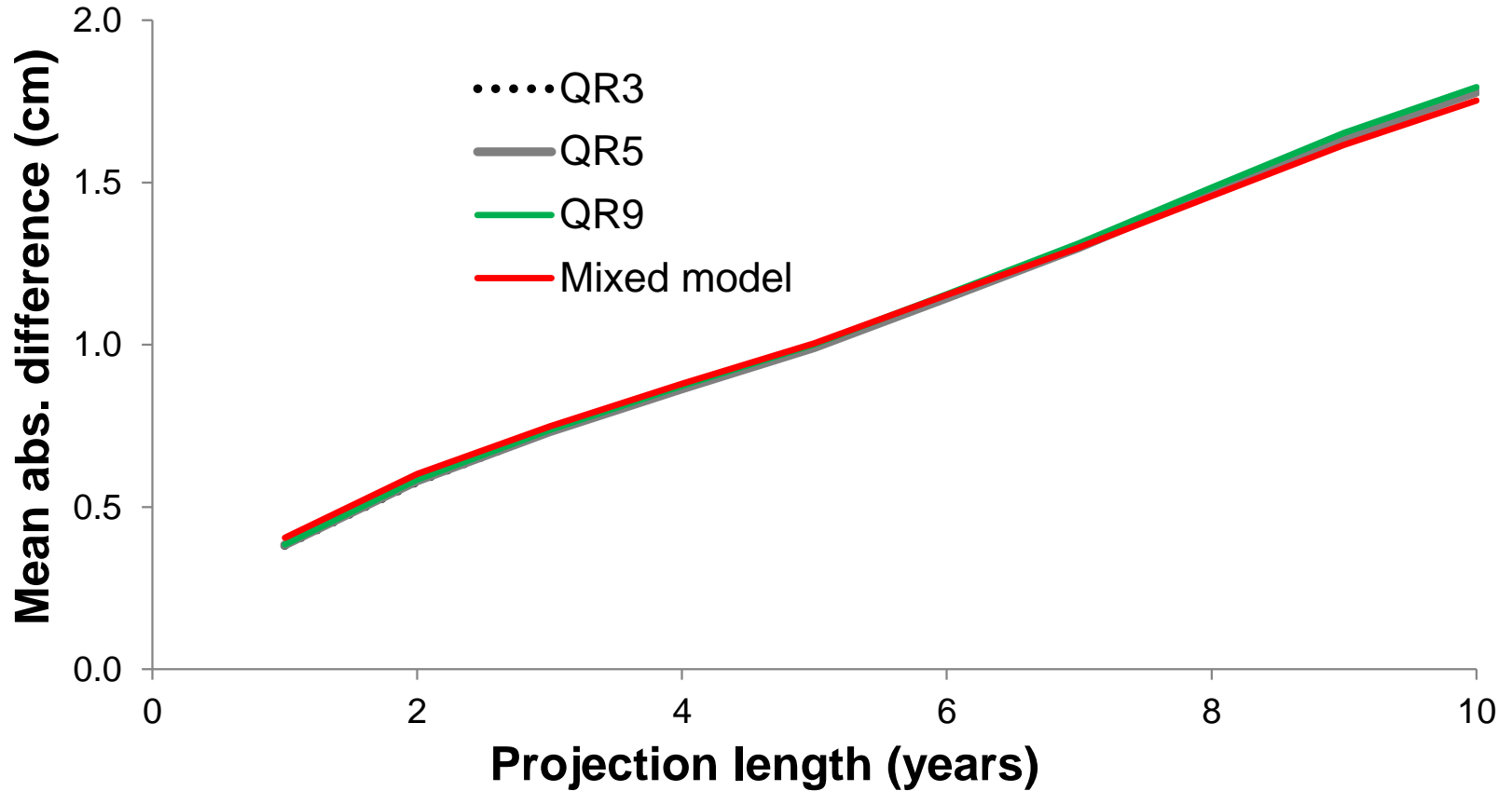
Evaluation

- Models considered
- 5 groups of 68 trees each
- Leave-one-out scheme

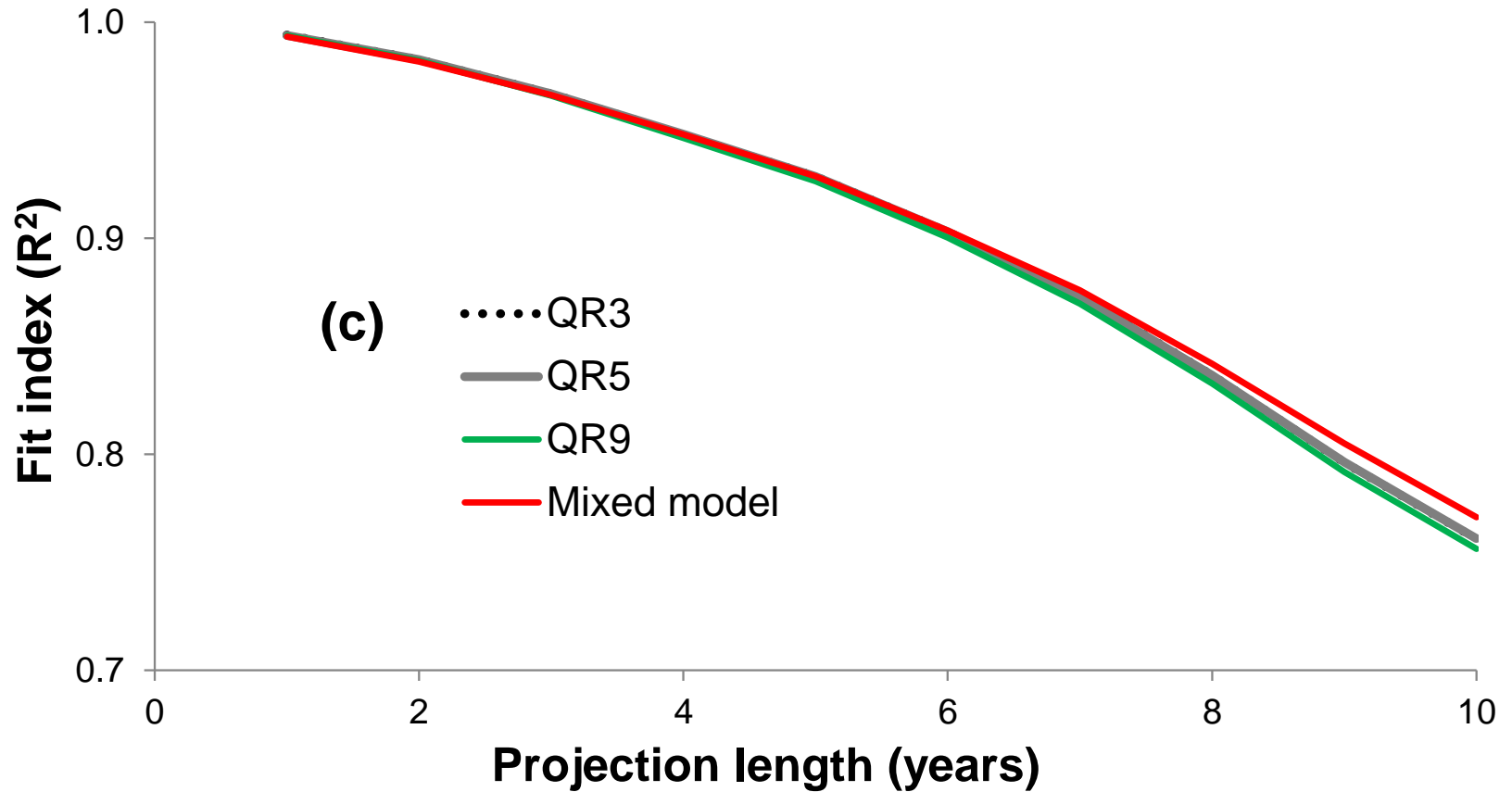
Evaluation

- Models considered
- 5 groups of 68 trees each
- Leave-one-out scheme
- Evaluation statistics
 - MD: Mean difference
 - MAD: Mean absolute difference
 - R^2 : Fit index

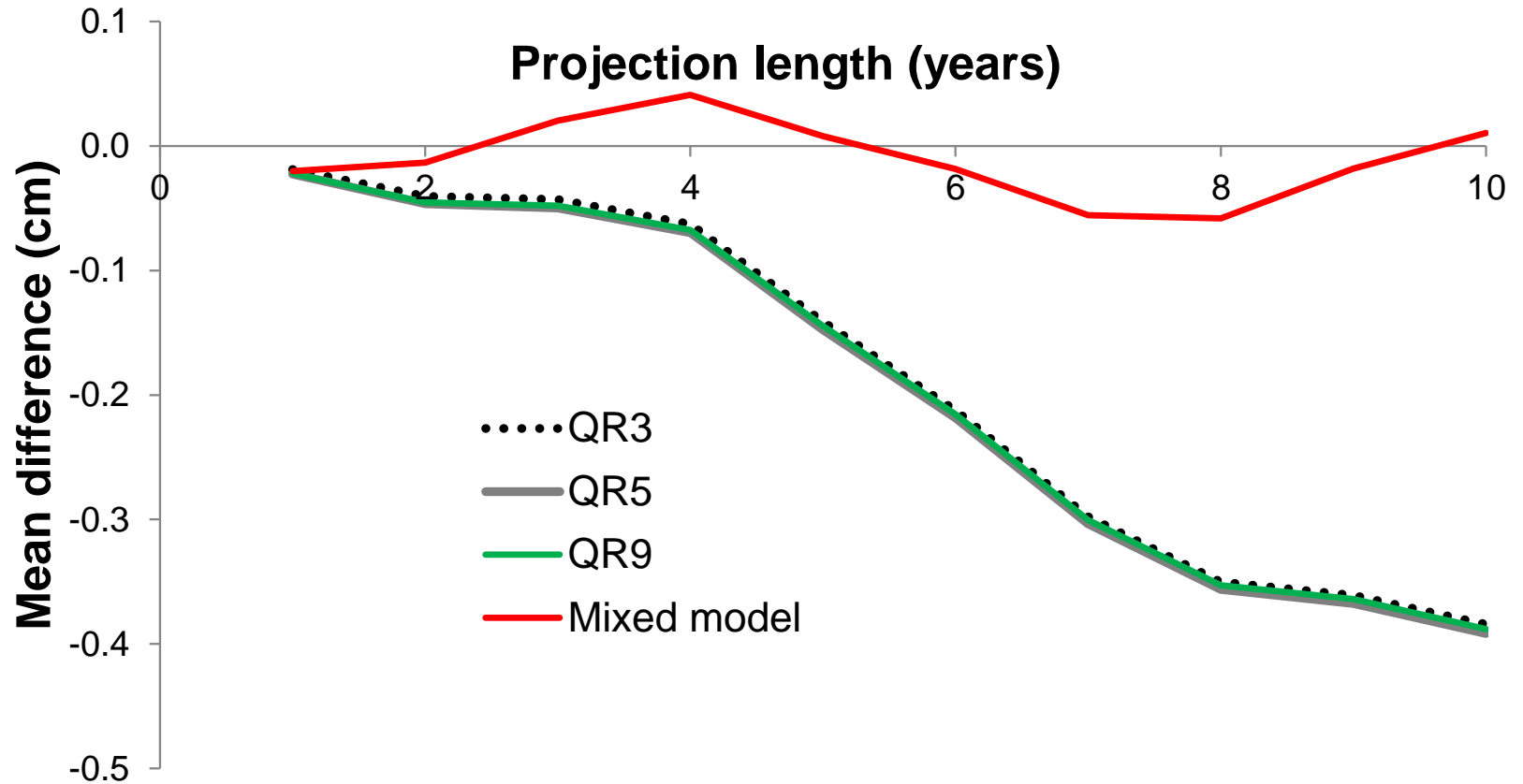
Evaluation



Evaluation



Evaluation



Postscript

Parameters of $f(x)$ are obtained by minimizing

$$S = \sum_{y_i \geq \hat{y}_i} \tau |y_i - \hat{y}_i| + \sum_{y_i < \hat{y}_i} (1 - \tau) |y_i - \hat{y}_i|$$

Postscript

Parameters of $f(x)$ are obtained by minimizing

$$S = \sum_{y_i \geq \hat{y}_i} \tau |y_i - \hat{y}_i| + \sum_{y_i < \hat{y}_i} (1 - \tau) |y_i - \hat{y}_i|$$

$$S = \sum_i \sum_j I_{\tau} |y_{ij} - \hat{y}_{ij}|$$

Postscript

Parameters of $f(x)$ are obtained by minimizing

$$S = \sum_{y_i \geq \hat{y}_i} \tau |y_i - \hat{y}_i| + \sum_{y_i < \hat{y}_i} (1 - \tau) |y_i - \hat{y}_i|$$

$$S = \sum_i \sum_j I_\tau |y_{ij} - \hat{y}_{ij}|$$

$$S = \sum_i \sum_j w_i I_\tau |y_{ij} - \hat{y}_{ij}|$$

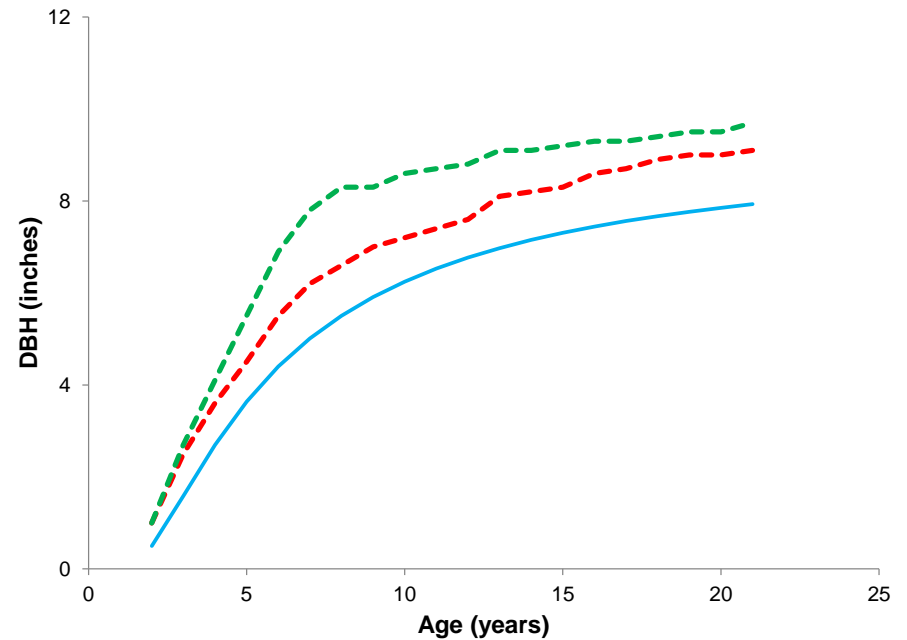
Postscript

Parameters of $f(x)$ are obtained by minimizing

$$S = \sum_i \sum_j w_i I_\tau |y_{ij} - \hat{y}_{ij}|$$

$$w_i = \frac{1}{u_i}$$

$$u_i = \frac{1}{n} \sum_j |\varepsilon_{ij} - \bar{\varepsilon}_i|$$



Evaluation

